

VOLTAGE RANGE: 100V
CURRENT: 0.15 A

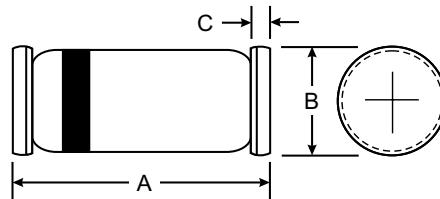


Features

- High Reverse Breakdown Voltage
- Low Turn-On Voltage
- Guard Ring Construction for Transient Protection

Mechanical Data

- Case: SOD-80/LL34, Glass
- Terminals: Solderable per MIL-STD-202,
- Method 208
- Polarity: Cathode Band
- Weight: 0.05 grams (approx.)



LL34/ SOD-80		
Dim	Min	Max
A	3.30	3.70
B	1.30	1.60
C	0.28	0.50

All Dimensions in mm

Maximum Ratings @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	LL46		Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}			
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RWM}	100		V
DC Blocking Voltage	V_R			
Forward Continuous Current (Note 1)	I_{FM}	150		mA
Average Rectified Output Current (Note 1)	I_o	75		mA
Repetitive Peak Forward Current (Note 1) @ $t \leq 1.0\text{s}$	I_{FRM}	350		mA
Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current @ $t = 10\text{ms}$	I_{FSM}	750		mA
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	P_d	200		mW
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Air (Note 1)	$R_{\theta JA}$	500		K/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_j, T_{STG}	-55 to +125		°C

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)R}$	100	—	—	V	$I_{RS} = 10\mu\text{A}$ (pulses)
Reverse Leakage Current (Note 2)	I_R	—	—	0.5 5.0 0.8 7.5 2.0 15 5.0 20	μA	$V_R = 1.5\text{V}$ $V_R = 1.5\text{V}, T_j = 60^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 10\text{V}$ $V_R = 10\text{V}, T_j = 60^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 50\text{V}$ $V_R = 50\text{V}, T_j = 60^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 75\text{V}$ $V_R = 75\text{V}, T_j = 60^\circ\text{C}$
Forward Voltage Drop (Note 2)	V_F	—	—	0.25 0.45 1.00	V	$I_F = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $I_F = 250\text{mA}$
Junction Capacitance	C_j	—	10 6.0	—	pF	$V_R = 0\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ $V_R = 1.0\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$

Notes:

1. Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.
2. $t < 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle < 2%.



SUMMATE

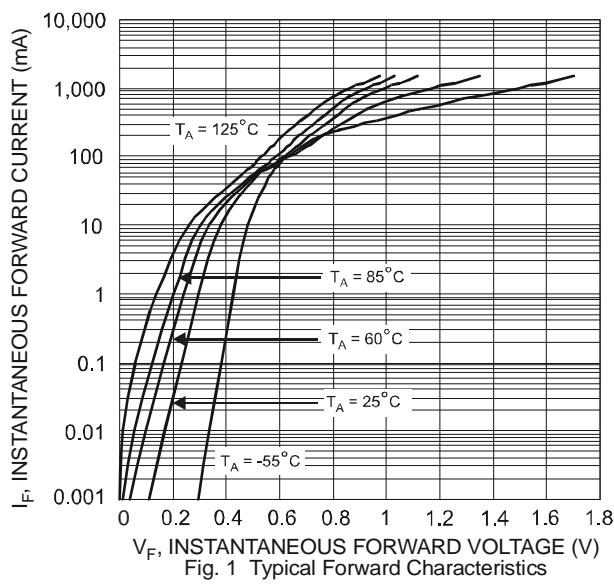


Fig. 1 Typical Forward Characteristics

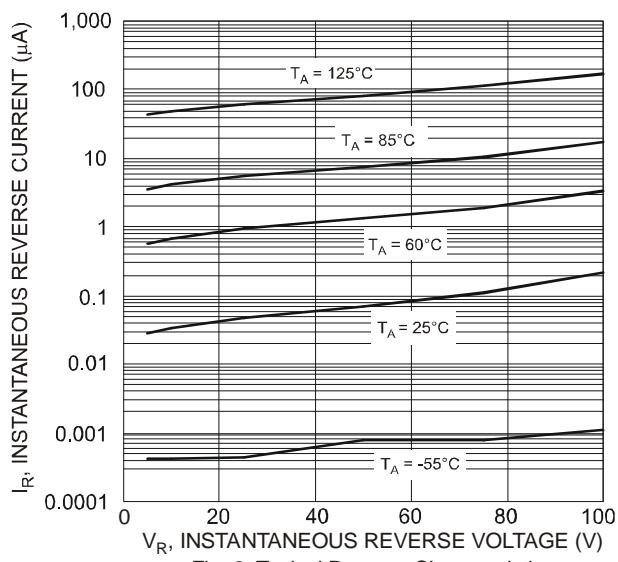


Fig. 2 Typical Reverse Characteristics

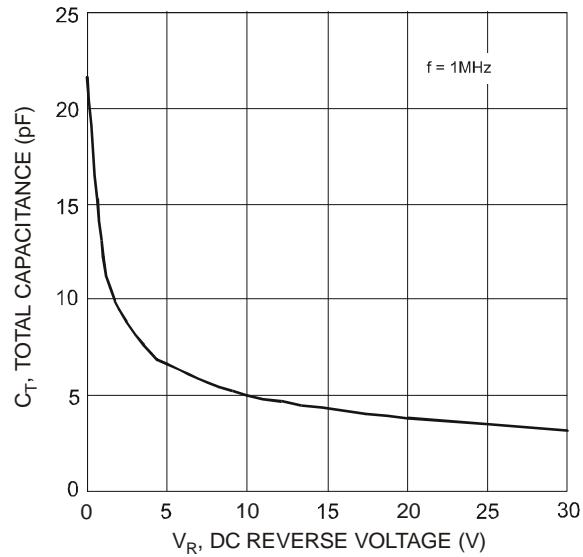


Fig. 3 Total Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

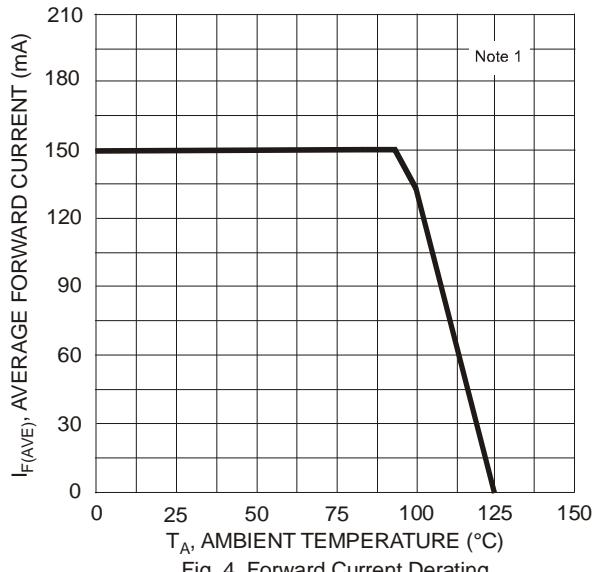


Fig. 4 Forward Current Derating

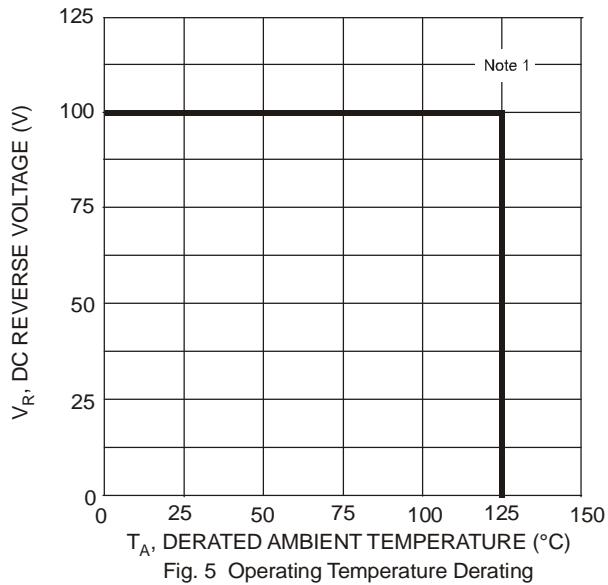


Fig. 5 Operating Temperature Derating